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	THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS	
	EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF LABOR AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPM DEPARTMENT OF LABOR STANDARDS	EN
	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR STANDARDS	

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Employment Permit Application for 14 through 17 Year-Olds

Instructions: After completing the form and obtaining the required signatures as indicated, take this completed form to the Superintendent of Schools, or the person your school (including a charter school) has authorized to issue work permits, in the school district where you live or attend school. You should bring with you proof of your age, such as your birth certificate, passport, or immigration record. The Superintendent, or the person your school (including a charter school) has authorized to issue work permits, will then issue you an Employment Permit.

Bring the signed work permit back to your employer who must keep it until you leave the job.

Questions about this application should be directed to the Department of Labor Standards at (617) 626-6952.

If you are under 18 years of age, you must obtain a work permit before starting a new job. G.L. c. 149, §§86-89. The following are the steps you should take; please note that a Physicians Certificate of Health is required only of 14 and 15 year-olds.

Steps for Getting an Employment Permit

- 1. Obtain a job offer from an employer.
- 2. Ask the employer to complete the following section:

Promise of Employment

Name of Minor:					
Name of Employer:					
Business Address:					
Job Title & Primary Duties:					
-					
Number of Hours per day Minor is to be Employed:					
The undersigned agrees to employ this minor as stated above and in compliance with state law.					
A summary of laws governing minors' hours of work and hazardous occupations can be					
found at the end of this application form.					
Signature of Employer or Authorized Agent	Date				

¹ Minors who are 17 years of age, who can show documented proof of a high school diploma or the equivalent to the school official authorized to issue work permits, do not need a signed work permit, but must still complete this permit application.

NOTE: If the minor seeking an employment permit resides outside of Massachusetts, the minor should obtain a work permit from the superintendent of schools in the city/town in Massachusetts where the minor is to be employed.

3. For 14 and 15 year-olds only (16 and 17 year-olds may skip this step): Ask your doctor to complete the following section:

Note: The following Certificate of Health must be signed within 12 months of the date this application is presented to the school official issuing the permit.

Physician's Certificate of Health

I hereby certify that I have made a thomamed 14 or 15 year-old minor:	rough physical examination of the following
and that, in my opinion, said minor is in suffice perform the work indicated above. A summa and hazardous occupations can be found a	ary of laws governing minors' hours of work
Signature of Physician	Date
4. Ask your parent, guardian, or custodian to	
I hereby approve the issuance of a permit for governing minors' hours of work and haz this application form.	the work indicated above. A summary of laws ardous occupations can be found at the end of
Name of Parent, Guardian, or Custodian	
Signature of Parent, Guardian, or Custodian	Date
5. Sign this application below:	
Signature of Minor	Date

Protecting Your Working Rean

A Guide for Parents

Work is a valuable experience for many teenagers. It can provide needed money, skills, and self-confidence. At the same time, working teens also face risks, even in places that seem safe. Teens are more likely than adults to get hurt at work. An estimated 179,000 U.S. teens are injured at work every year, and many are killed. In Massachusetts, hundreds of teens visit hospital emergency rooms each year for work-related injuries.

Injuries at work should not be considered "part of the job." Most injuries can and should be prevented. Employers, young workers, and parents all have roles to play in ensuring positive, safe work experiences.

Steps you can take to help your teen stay safe at work:

- 1. Know the child labor laws and make sure your teen knows them (see reverse).
- 2. Talk with your teen about his or her job.

Ask your teen about:

- Tasks what your teen is asked to do.
- Training whether your teen has been trained to do assigned tasks safely.
- The workplace itself if there are hazards like slippery floors or machines without safety. guards.
- The supervisor where the supervisor is while your teen is working, how receptive he or she is to listening to employees' concerns.
- Safety equipment if your teen is provided with goggles, gloves, special shoes, or other safety equipment.

3. Set limits on hours.

Studies have shown that teens who work more than 20 hours a week do not do as well in school as those who work fewer hours.

Teachers report that teens who work late at night are less alert in class and less prepared.

4. Help your teen talk about his or her concerns.

Encourage your teen to answer the following questions:

What do you want your supervisor to do or change?

Examples:

"I only want to work 3 hours on school days."

"I want help lifting heavy boxes."

Why do you want your supervisor to make this change?

Examples:

"So I can keep up with my schoolwork."

"So I won't get hurt."

Whose help do you want?

Examples:

"I'd feel more comfortable approaching the boss with some of my coworkers."

"I'd like my parents to come with me when I meet with the boss."

How will you talk to your supervisor about this?

Examples:

"Can I make an appointment to talk with you about a problem I'm having?"

"Lifting boxes is hurting my back, and I'd like to work out another way to get the job done."

Contact any of the agencies listed below if you need additional help:

MA Office of the Attorney General, Fair Labor Division (enforces state child labor laws)	(617) 727-3465
US Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division (enforces federal child labor laws)	(617) 624-6700
MA Department of Labor Standards (oversees the work permit process)	(617) 626-6952
MA Department of Industrial Accidents (oversees the workers' compensation system)	(800) 323-3249



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Child labor laws exist to protect teenagers in the workplace. They limit the number of hours teens are legally able to work. The legal work hours for minors are:

14 & 15 Year-Olds

- Only between 7 am and 7 pm (9 pm during summer)
- Not during school hours
- Maximum of 18 hours per week (40 during school vacation), 3 hours a day (8 hours on weekends and during school vacation), and 6 days per week

Persons UNDER 14 may NOT WORK!

There are a few exceptions to this, such as babysitting, working as news carriers, on farms, and in entertainment (with a special permit).

16 & 17 Year-Olds

- Only between 6 am and 10 pm on nights preceding a regularly scheduled school day
- If the establishment stops serving customers at 10 pm, the minor may be employed until 10:15 pm
- Only between 6 am and 11:30 pm on nights not preceding a regularly scheduled school day, except in restaurants and race tracks until midnight
- Maximum of 48 hours per week, 9 hours per day, and 6 days per week

After 8 pm, all minors must be directly supervised by an adult who is located in the workplace and who is reasonably accessible. (With the exception of minors who work at krosks in the common areas of some malls.)

Child labor laws also protect teens' health and safety by prohibiting them from working in hazardous jobs or doing dangerous tasks. The following is a list of some of these tasks: A complete summary of prohibited tasks is available online; www.mass.gov/dols/youth

Persons under 16 years-old may NOT:

- · Cook (except on electric or gas grills that do not have open flames)
- Operate fryolators, rotisseries, NEICO broilers, or pressure
- · Operate, clean, or repair power-driven food slicers, grinders, choppers, processors, cutters, or mixers
- Perform any baking activities
- · Operate microwave ovens (except to heat food in microwave ovens with a maximum capacity of 140 degrees Fahrenheit)
- · Clean kitchen surfaces that are hotter than 100 degrees Fahrenheit
- · Filter, transport, or dispose of cooking oil or grease hotter than 100 degrees Fahrenheit
- Work in freezers or meat coolers

- · Operate, clean or repair power-driven machinery (except office machines or machines for retail, cleanup or kitchen work not otherwise prohibited)
- Work in a manufacturing facility (e.g. a factory)
- Work on or use ladders, scaffolds, or their substitutes
- Work in amusement places (e.g., pool or billiard room, or
- Work in door-to-door street sales, including work as a sign waiver (except directly outside of employer establishment)
- Ride in or on a motor vehicle (except in passenger seat if wearing a seatbelt
- Work with dangerous electrical machinery or appliances
- Work in any of the occupations or tasks prohibited for persons under age 18

Persons under 18 years-old may NOT:

- Drive a vehicle, forklift, or work assist vehicle (except golf carts in certain circumstances)
- · Ride as a passenger on a forklift
- · Operate, clean, or repair power-driven meat slicers, grinders or
- · Operate, clean, or repair power-driven bakery machines (except · Oil or clean hazardous machinery in motion for certain countertop models and pizza dough rollers)
- Work 30 feet or more above ground or water
- Handle, serve, or sell alcoholic beverages
- Use circular, chain or band saws; guillotine shears; wood chippers; and abrasive cutting discs
- Use power-driven woodworking machines
- · Use, service, drive, or work from hoisting machines

- Operate or load power-driven balers, compactors, or paper processing machines
- Work slaughtering, packing, or processing meat and poultry
- Work in roofing or on or about a roof
- Work where they are exposed to radioactive substances
- Work in any job requiring the possession or use of a firearm

Persons UNDER 18 must have WORK PERMITS

All teens under 18 must get a work permit from the school district where they live or go to school. For more information, visit the website of the Department of Labor Standards: www.mass.gov/dols/youth

Workers' Compensation

If your child is injured at work, they may be eligible for workers' compensation benefits. Contact the Massachusetts Department of Industrial Accidents at 800-323-3249 or www.mass.gov/dia for more information.